DETRAINING IN TENNIS

FIELD-BASED LEARNINGS, IDEAS AND APPLICATIONS

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QUICK INTRO

ABOUT ME

- Exercise Sci & Rehab at CSU Bathurst
- Honours research Alcohol/Sleep dep
- PhD "Athlete Preparation for Elite Tennis" Melbourne
- S&C / Academy Manager Adelaide
- S&C / Wheelchair Lead Sydney
- Performance Science Lead / S&C Brisbane



AIMS FOR TODAY

- What is detraining?
- How does detraining affect athletes?
- Introduce demands of tennis
- Physical capacity focus
- Life on the tour
- Tennis research
- Field-based techniques / ideas





AUSTRALIAN OPEN

'Not normal': Worst quarantine fears realised as Aus Open struck by injury crisis

Source: Fox Sports News Australia

Swimming World Magazine

Why Detraining Is At The Heart Of The Swimming Playbook In Covid-19 Season 2020

Forced lockdown during COVID-19 has brought detraining into sh as swimmers, coaches and programs make their way back to wate 12 June 2020

The New Indian Express

COVID-19 lockdown: Lack of training may cau problems, says Sports Authority of India

Improper detraining can affect their cardiovascular system, even weaken their immune system. But if it's only for three weeks, then it will be easier ... 28 Mar 2020



PezCycling News

(De)training in a Pandemic

Like PEZ? Why not subscribe to our weekly newsletter to receive update and reminders on what's cool in road cycling? corona viruscovid-19 ... 31 Mar 2020

arp focus	Deutsche Welle
er	Coronavirus has Olympic athletes 'running on the sports scientist
se health	Most studies, so-called detraining studies, investigate time period six weeks, sometimes longer. They show a rapid decrease in 22 Mar 2020







WHAT IS DETRAINING

HOW DOES IT AFFECT ATHLETES

- A partial or complete loss of traininginduced anatomical, physiological and performance adaptations
- Will affect all training capacities of an athlete, although at differing rate
- Pre-cessation state, cessation intensity, and cessation duration will all impact the level of athlete detraining



JASON KOOP - TRAINRIGHT.COM





WHEN CAN DETRAINING OCCUR

Off-season

Injury

Heavy and sustained competition periods

Planned or unplanned reductions in training volume or intensity

Poorly planned training blocks









CAPACITY DETRAINING

- What happens to athletes?
- Decrease in capillary density
- Arterial-venous oxygen difference decline
- Reductions in oxidative enzymes impacting ATP production
- **Reduction in VO2 Max**
- Muscle fibre cross-sectional area decline
- Force production is reduced

- Mujika and Padilla 2000b

Detraining

How long does an athlete's trained abilities last? It varies, but here are some guidelines to give you an idea.

Aerobic Endurance~ 3-4 weeksMaximal Strength~ 3-4 weeksAnaerobic Endurance~ 2-3 weeksStrength Endurance~ 10-20 daysAlactic Endurance~ 3-7 daysSpeed~ 2-7 days





PRINCIPLES BEHIND DETRAINING

Reversibility

C Crement Adult

"Use it or lose it"

Tennis players who don't sprint or jump in addition to tennis, get slower and less powerful"



Specificity - SAID



WHAT DOES TENNIS POINT DURATION LOOK LIKE? HIGH INTENSITY DURA

REST BETWEEN POINTS	20 sec
REST BETWEEN GAMES	60-90 sec
REST BETWEEN SETS	120-150 sec
STANDING STROKES	in 80% less than 2,5m
SLIDING STROKES	in 10% less than 2,5-4,5m
RUNNING STROKES	in 5% more than 4,5m
PLAYING TIME (ATTACKING)	21%
PLAYING TIME (ALL COURT)	28,60%
PLAYING TIME (BASELINER)	38,50%







WHAT DOES TENNIS **LOOK LIKE?**

REALITY OF LIFE ON THE TOUR

- 15-25h technical training, 12-15h physical preparation / week - Training week
- Upwards of 35 tournaments (up to 100 singles matches) per calendar year
- **Different city / country each week**
- Not uncommon for players outside top 50 in World to lose money annually from travel expenses





WHAT DOES TENNIS LOOK LIKE?

TOURNAMENT SCHEDULES

Unknown tour entry

Tour length

Prize money / point uncertainty

Lose singles > doubles

Lose and leave

Unknown training environments







Kovacs, 2000







CAPACITY DETRAINING

What types of capacities detraining quickest in **TENNIS** - PhD findings



Looking at % change trends for each measure revealed:

- 0.3% increase in body mass
- 2.0% decrease in double leg VJ; 1.8% decrease in left leg VJ; 3.6% decrease in right leg VJ 3.6% slower 5m sprint time; 3.3% slower 10m sprint time; 2.2% slower 20m sprint time . 1.5% slower 505 left time; 0.9% slower 505 right time

- 1.9% decrease in 20m shuttle test level/shuttle; 3.4% increase in repeat speed ability (RSA) total time















IS THERE A DIFFERENCE?









MOBILITY & FLEXIBILITY







Shoulder Internal Rotation



INJURY RISK VS. PERFORMANCE DECLINE



Training load prescription is like the difference between a blister and a callous.

Too much too soon and you get pain and injury,

But, little and often and you get a resilient tissue









- "Nothing can substitute for just plain hard work. I had to put in the time to get back.
 - And it was a grind. It meant training and sweating every day.
- But I was completely committed to working out to prove to myself that I still could do it"

– Andre Agassi



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COMPETE, THEN REPEAT

Schedule 5-4-3-2-1 Days Be	efore Match				
5 DAYS	8	4 DAYS	3 DAYS	2 DAYS	1 DAYS
Session 1		Session 1	Session 1	Session 1	Session 1
Mobility Session (48 See mobility session proc		3 x Sets Strength Session (60 mins) See travel strength program	Mobility Session (45 mins) See mobility session program	2 x Sets Strength Session (60 mins) See travel strength program	Mobility Session (45 mins) See mobility session program
Session 2		Session 2	Session 2	Session 2	Session 2
High intensity session	(45 mins)		High intensity session (45		
Bike session	Running session		Running session		
10 x					
20 sec hard (90-100% Intensity)	See court sprint session		See court sprint session		High intensity Footwork
10 sec easy		Flexibility Session (60 mins)		Flexibility Session (60	Session (45 mins)
Rest 2 mins					
10 x					
15 sec standing up pedal fast (Max intensity)					Flexibility Session (60
15 sec sit down easy pedal					
Rest 2 mins	2				
5 x					
45 sec hard (85-90%)					



MINIMAL DOSE / MAXIMISED TIMING?

Keep intensity high, but volume low during tournament periods Morning at home body management, movement routines **Pre-hit physical warm up - individualise and maximise capacity exposure (speed/power) Pre-match - specific movement prep to athlete and match Post-match - assess athlete state, either recover or train Evening body management top ups, flexibility to wind down Post Tournament loss - go for volume**





ATHLETES TRAVELLING ALONE



After as little as 5 weeks of unsupervised training in competitive tennis, players showed a decrease in speed, power and aerobic capacity.

Coaches and trainers need to be aware of the likelihood of detraining when athletes are not supervised and put appropriate provisions in place to avoid this detraining effect. > Int J Sports Physiol Perform. 2015 Nov;10(8):986-93. doi: 10.1123/ijspp.2014-0374. Epub 2015 Mar 10.

The Effect of Predeparture Training Loads on Posttour Physical Capacities in High-Performance Junior Tennis Players

Alistair P Murphy ¹, Rob Duffield, Aaron Kellett, Dani Gescheit, Machar Reid

Affiliations + expand PMID: 25756284 DOI: 10.1123/ijspp.2014-0374

Abstract

Purpose: Difficulties in preserving physical capacities while on tennis tours necessitate targeted training prescription. This study analyzed training and match loads performed before and on tour for their relationship with posttour physical-capacity changes. A secondary aim was to determine

Conclusions: Training loads should be carefully prescribed to ensure that sufficient total and tennis loads are completed pretour. Specifically, speed and aerobic capacities may regress with increased training on tour. Finally, a practical observation was that on-tour S&C support resulted in increased S&C training load (around match loads), potentially countering the observed regression of physical capacities. Such a finding has the capacity to alter current physical-preparation structures in high-performance tennis environments with finite resources.





Kovocs, Mark S., et al. Physical performance changes after unsupervised training during the autumn/spring semester break in competitive tennis players. Br. J. Sports Med. 2007





ON TOUR ACCOUNTABILITY

HOW ASSIST ATHLETES IN STAYING ACCOUNTABLE IN GETTING WORK DONE

Frequent communication and encouragement to be self-sufficient

Online programming and training load monitoring

Velocity-based training tools for feedback and mo

Travel kits (bands, TRX, skipping rope etc.) Scoping out training environment 14st









OTHER CONSIDERATIONS WHAT ELSE CAN DETRAIN?

Technical detraining? - "Rusty" Mental resilience - meditation techniques? Tactical awareness - lack of matches? Flexibility and mobility often overlooked





KEY TAKE HOMES

- Elite / professional athletes need to find ways to train during competition
- Can be small "top up" daily training exposures
- Use day(s) after last match loss to prioritise training volume where possible
- Speed, power and strength need to be prioritised
- All comes down to careful balance and planning
- But, competition demands alone will not suffice for longevity



"Excellence is an art won by training and habituation. We are what we repeatedly do. Excellence then is not an act but a habit."



– Aristotle, Greek Philosopher (384-322 B.C)

THANK YOU



